

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1. (Currently Amended) A thin-film crystal wafer having a pn junction comprising:
  - a first crystal layer of p GaAs; and
  - a second crystal layer of n  $\text{In}_x\text{Al}_y\text{Ga}_{1-x-y}\text{P}$  ( $0 \leq x \leq 1$ ,  $0 \leq y \leq 1$ ,  $x+y=1$ ),the first and second crystal layers being lattice-matched layers ~~that form a heterojunction~~;  
wherein
  - a thin film layer of  $\text{In}_x\text{Al}_y\text{Ga}_{1-x-y}\text{P}$  ( $0 \leq x \leq 1$ ,  $0 \leq y \leq 1$ ,  $x+y=1$ ) differing in composition from the n  $\text{In}_x\text{Al}_y\text{Ga}_{1-x-y}\text{P}$  of the second crystal layer is formed at an interface of the ~~heterojunction~~  
first and second crystal layers.
2. (Original) A thin-film crystal wafer having a pn junction as claimed in claim 1, wherein the second crystal layer and the thin-film layer each has a y value of 0.
3. (Original) A thin-film crystal wafer having a pn junction as claimed in claim 1, wherein the thin-film has a band gap in the range of 1.75 eV-2.10 eV.
4. (Original) A thin-film crystal wafer having a pn junction as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the thin-film layer has a thickness of not less than 10 Å and not greater than 100 Å.
5. (Original) A thin-film crystal wafer having a pn junction as claimed in claim 1 or 2 wherein the thin-film layer is formed to be considerably thin in comparison with the first and second crystal layers.
6. (Original) A method of fabricating a thin-film crystal wafer having a pn junction, for use in fabricating a heterojunction bipolar transistor, by successively overlaying compound semiconductor crystal layers on a GaAs substrate, the method comprising:
  - a step of forming a base layer composed of p GaAs crystal;

a step of forming on the base layer a thin film layer of  $\text{In}_x\text{Al}_y\text{Ga}_{1-x-y}\text{P}$  ( $0 \leq x \leq 1$ ,  $0 \leq y \leq 1$ ,  $x+y=1$ ) whose lattice constant differs from the lattice constant of the p GaAs crystal layer; and

a step of forming on the thin film layer an emitter layer composed of n  $\text{In}_x\text{Al}_y\text{Ga}_{1-x-y}\text{P}$  ( $0 \leq x \leq 1$ ,  $0 \leq y \leq 1$ ,  $x+y=1$ ) crystal whose lattice constant is the same as the lattice constant of the p GaAs crystal layer.

7. (Original) A method of fabricating a thin-film crystal wafer having a pn junction as claimed in claim 6, wherein the y value is 0.
8. (Original) A method of fabricating a thin-film crystal wafer having a pn junction as claimed in claim 6, wherein the x value of the In component of the emitter layer is 0.48.
9. (Original) A method of fabricating a thin-film crystal wafer having a pn junction as claimed in claim 6, wherein the thin-film has a band gap in the range of 1.75 eV-2.10 eV.
10. (Original) A method of fabricating a thin-film crystal wafer having a pn junction as claimed in claim 6 or 7, wherein the thin-film layer has a thickness of not less than 10 Å. and not greater than 100 Å.
11. (Original) A method of fabricating a thin-film crystal wafer having a pn junction as claimed in claim 6 or 7, wherein the thin-film layer is formed to be considerably thin in comparison with the first and second crystal layers.